## Math 491, Problem Set #11 (Solutions)

1. Let  $c_n$  be the number of domino tilings of a 3-by-2n cylinder, obtained by gluing together the left and right sides (of length 3) of a 3-by-2n rectangle. Express the generating function  $c_1x + c_2x^2 + c_3x^3 + \ldots$  as a rational function of x.

Where two squares meet side by side, record a 0 if they are covered by a single (horizontal) domino and a 1 otherwise. Then there are eight possible patterns of 0's and 1's as one reads down, which we treat as numbers between 0 through 7 via binary encoding. Then the domino tilings of the 3-by-2n cylinder correspond to circular words of length 2n in the symbols 0 through 7, where the allowed transitions are summarized in the following matrix (with rows and columns indexed consecutively from 0 through 7):

That is, in Maple-ese,

Maple, in response to the command charpoly(M,t), tells us that the characteristic polynomial of this matrix is  $\det(tI - M) = t^8 - 3t^6 - 2t^5 + 2t^4 + 4t^3 + t^2 - 2t - 1$ , so the twisted version is  $Q(x) = \det(I - xM) = 1 - 3x^2 - 2x^3 + 2x^4 + 4x^5 + x^6 - 2x^7 - x^8$ , which factors as  $(1 - x)^2(1 + x)^2(1 - x - x^2)(1 + x + x^2)$ . Therefore  $\frac{-xQ'(x)}{Q(x)} = \frac{2x(1-x)}{(1-x)^2} - \frac{2x(1+x)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{x+2x^2}{1-x-x^2} + \frac{-x-2x^2}{1+x+x^2} = \frac{6x^2 + 6x^3 - 2x^4 - 14x^5 - 8x^6}{(1-x)(1+x)(1-x-x^2)(1+x+x^2)}$ .